

NewTechWood

Decking Installation Guide

v20161108-Australia



NewTechWood UltraShield®

IMPORTANT: Read all sections before you start

For the most up to date information please visit our website @ www.newtechwood.com

Prior to installing any composite decking it is recommended that you check with local building codes for any special requirements or restrictions. The diagrams and instructions outlined in this guide are for illustration purposes only and are not meant or implied to replace a licensed professional. Any construction or use of NewTechWood must be in accordance with all local zoning and/or building codes. The consumer assumes all risks and liability associated with the construction and use of this product.

Safety

When dealing with any type of construction project it is necessary to wear appropriate safety equipment to avoid any risk of injuries. NewTechWood recommends but is not limited to the following safety equipment when handling, cutting, and installing NewTechWood: gloves, a respiratory protection, long sleeves, pants, and safety glasses.

Tools

Standard woodworking tools may be used. It is recommended that all blades have a carbide tip. Standard stainless steel or acceptable coated deck screws and nails are recommended.

Environment

A clean, smooth, flat, and strong surface is needed to install NewTechWood's products correctly. Please check with local building codes before ever installing any type of decking. If installation does not occur immediately NewTechWood's products need to be put on a flat surface at all times. Never ever should it be put on a surface that isn't flat.

Planning

Plan a layout for your decking before starting it to ensure the best possible looking decking for your project. Building codes and zoning ordinances generally apply to permanent structures, meaning anything that is anchored to the ground or attached to the house. So nearly every kind of decking requires permits and inspections from a local building department. We recommend drawing out a site plan of your proposed project that you intend to do to minimize errors and make your perfect decking.

Construction

NewTechWood UltraShield is NOT intended for use as columns, support posts, beams, joist stringers or other primary load-bearing members. NewTechWood must be supported by a code-compliant substructure. While NewTechWood products are great for retrofits NewTechWood's products CANNOT be installed on existing decking boards.

Static

Static build-up is a natural occurring phenomenon that can occur with many plastic products. Dry and windy environments may make this even more apparent, this all varies depending on the climate and age of the decking.

Ventilation

NewTechWood products **CANNOT** be directly installed onto a flat surface. It must be installed onto a substructure, so there is adequate and unobstructed air flow under the decking to prevent excessive water absorption. A minimum of 100 mm (4 inches) of continuous net free area under the decking surface is required for adequate ventilation on all decking so air can circulate between adjacent members to promote drainage and drying.

Heat and Fire

Excessive heat on the surface of NewTechWood products from external sources such as but not limited to fire or reflection of sunlight from energy efficient window products. Low-emissivity (Low-E) glass can potentially harm NewTechWood products. Low-E glass is designed to prevent passive heat gain within a structure and can cause unusual heat build-up on exterior surfaces. This extreme elevation of surface temperatures, which exceeds that of normal exposure, can possibly cause NewTechWood products to melt, sag, warp, discolor, increase expansion/contraction, and accelerate weathering.

Current or potential NewTechWood customers that have concerns about possible damage by Low-E glass should contact the manufacturer of the product which contains Low-E glass for a solution to reduce or eliminate the effects of reflected sunlight.

Fasteners

When fastening NewTechWood's products all screws that are face fastened should always be driven in at a 90 degree angle to the decking surface. **Toe nailing/screwing should never be done to the products.** An extra joist should be added if a 90 degree angle cannot be driven into the board.

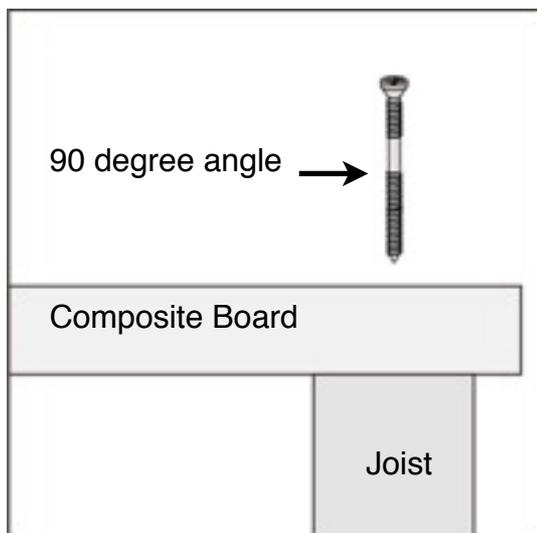


Diagram 1

All fasteners should be on their own independent joists, when two boards ends meet each other there must be a sister joist. The end of each board must sit on its own joist.

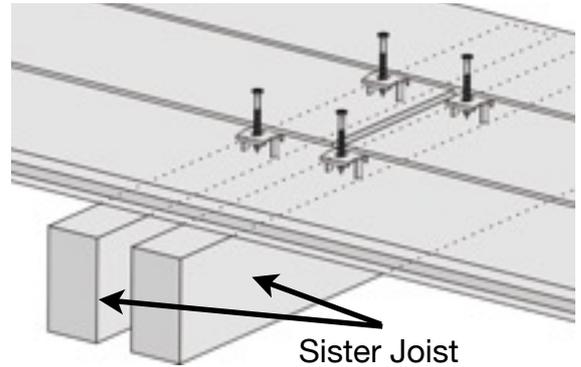


Diagram 2

Use white chalk, straight boards, or string lines as templates for straight lines. **NEVER USE COLORED CHALK.** Colored chalk will permanently stain NewTechWood's products and are highly not recommended.

All nails/screws that are face fixed should always be stainless steel. When face fixing always go in at least from the ends and width of the board by 1"1/2 (25.4 mm) as shown in Diagram 3.

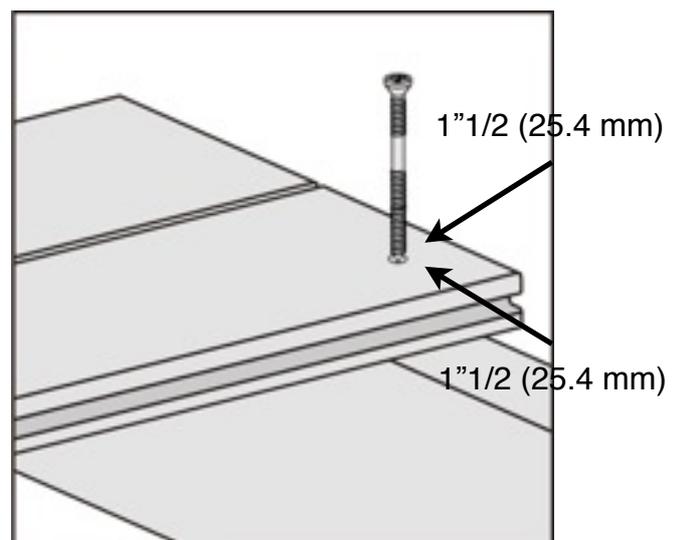


Diagram 3

Fasteners Continued

Always use screws designated for use with composite decking material. Always test the screws on a scrap piece of board to ensure the screws do not cause the surface of the decking to mushroom or bulge around the head of the screw. If it does cause this issue, change to a different brand of screw.

When choosing which screws/nails to use always check first with your local home centers and hardware stores to see if they have screws that are engineered specifically for composite wood. These screws/nails will always work and give NewTechWood's products the best looking outcome, using other screws/nails that are not recommended for composite could potentially damage/harm the decking. If you are unsure which screw/nail to use contact your manufacturer for more information.

Recommend screws from other manufacturers:

Cap-tor xd screws by Starborn Industries

Acclimate

Acclimating at least 2 days prior to installation is recommended

Acclimating the boards will get rid of any unwanted shrinkage issues seen during and after installation.

Note: Always remember when allowing the boards to acclimate at the job site it is important to put it on a flat and even surface. If put on an uneven surface there is a possibility that the boards could warp to the shape of the terrain.

Routing

Solid boards can be routed for hidden fasteners to be placed in them as shown below.

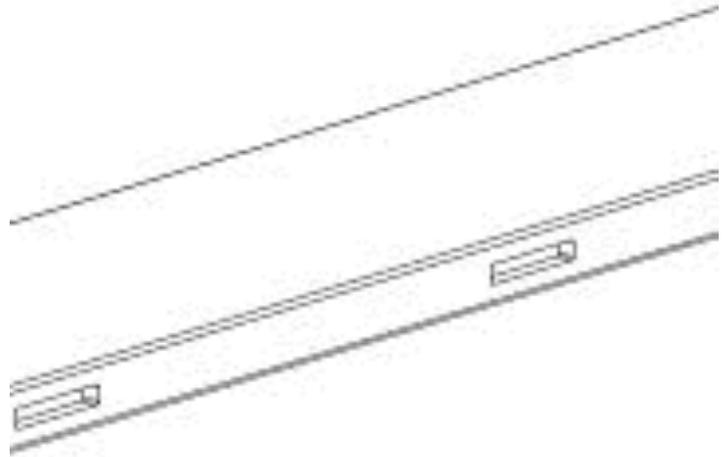


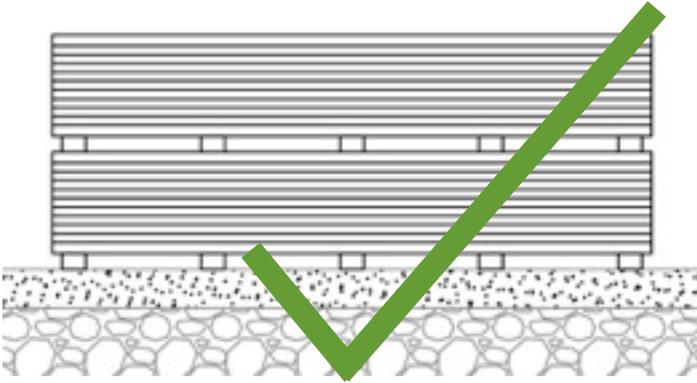
Diagram 4

Note: Boards should never be routed the entire length.

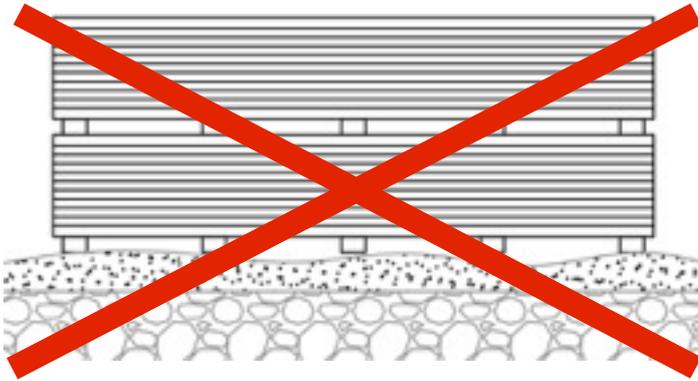
Fascia boards can also be routed to allow for expansion and contraction.

Storage

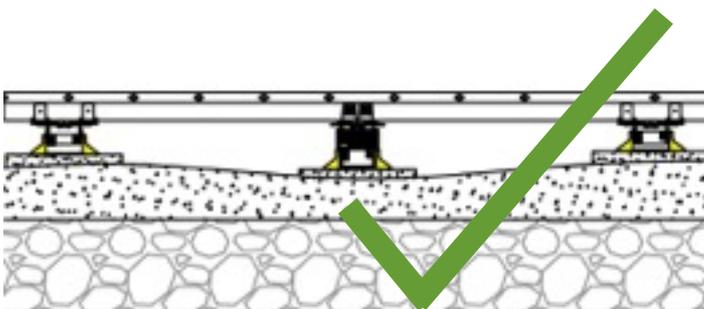
NewTechWood's products always need to be stored on flat solid surfaces. Surfaces such as dirt and grass are not sufficient as they can move over time.



NewTechWood products shown above put on a flat surface on joists, this is the correct way for storage.



NewTechWood products shown above on an uneven surface which will make the products prone to warping and distortion.



NewTechWood products shown shown above can be on pedestals or jacks if the surface is uneven. Consult with the pedestal or jack manufacturer before using the product to ensure its compatibility with NewTechWood's products

Framing

First, determine the decking span, that is , how far apart your joists will be.

The frame needs to be completely level before installing any boards.

Note: Adequate spacing in the joists is required to keep the deck boards from bending. Please review the chart on page 9 of this installation guide to see what spacing is required for your profile.

Maximum Decking Spans on Center-to-Center			
Profile	Dimensions	Residential Span	Commercial Span
US07, Solid Board	138 x 22.5 mm (5.5 x 0.9 inches)	400 mm (16 inches)	300 mm (11.8 inches)
US48, Solid Board	138 x 25 mm (5.5 x 0.98 inches)	450 mm (17.7 inches)	350 mm (13.7 inches)
US49, Grooved Solid Board	138 x 25 mm (5.5 x 0.98 inches)	450 mm (17.7 inches)	350 mm (13.7 inches)
US01, Grooved Solid Board	138 x 22.5 mm (5.5 x 0.9 inches)	400 mm (16 inches)	300 mm (11.8 inches)
UH02, Grooved Circle Hollow Board	138 x 22.5 mm (5.5 x 0.9 inches)	350 mm (16 inches)	N/A

Joist Spanning on Center-to-Center with Angled Decking Installations	
Degree of Angle	Spacing
90	Refer to the above tables
60	50 mm (2 inches) less than the stated above tables
45	100 mm (4 inches) less than the stated above tables
30	1/2 the distance stated in the above tables

Expansion and Contraction Values

NewTechWood deck boards will experience expansion and contraction with changes in temperature. Expansion and contraction are most significant where extreme temperature changes occur. Fastening the deck planks according to the gapping requirements noted in the following table accommodates for this movement.

Length (Meters) Installation Temperature (°C)	1	2.44	2.8	3	3.66	3.9	4	4.88	5.4	
	10	1.2	3.9	4.5	4.8	5.9	6.2	6.4	7.8	8.6
15	1.4	3.4	3.9	4.2	5.1	5.5	5.6	6.8	7.6	
20	1.2	2.9	3.4	3.6	4.4	4.7	4.8	5.9	6.5	
25	1	2.4	2.8	3	3.7	3.9	4	4.9	5.4	
30	0.8	2	2.2	2.4	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.9	4.3	
35	0.6	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.9	3.2	
40	0.4	1	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.6	2	2.2	
45	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	1	1.1	

Diagram 5

If you want to manually calculate the expansion and contraction you can follow the below guidelines:

What you will need to know:

- Coefficient of Linear Expansion (CLE): 0.04 mm/m (°C) / 20.2 x 10E-6 inch/inch/ (°F)
- Installation Temperature (°C or °F)
- Max or Minimum Temperature in your region (°C or °F)

- a. When installing at a low temperature always use the maximum temperature in your region to calculate
- b. When installing at a high temperature always use the minimum temperature in your region to calculate

-Length of the Board (mm / inches)

Gapping = Coefficient of Linear Expansion (CLE, °C or °F) x Length of the Board (mm / inches) x (Max. or Min. Temp. in your region - Installation Temp., °C or °F)

Note: If you are still unsure of what gapping to use contact the manufacturer and they will give you the correct gapping requirements based on your environment and area.

Decking Layouts

When installing decking there are a multitude of different designs and patterns you can do to fit your style. Below we have taken some of the most popular types of installation from around the world for you to see.

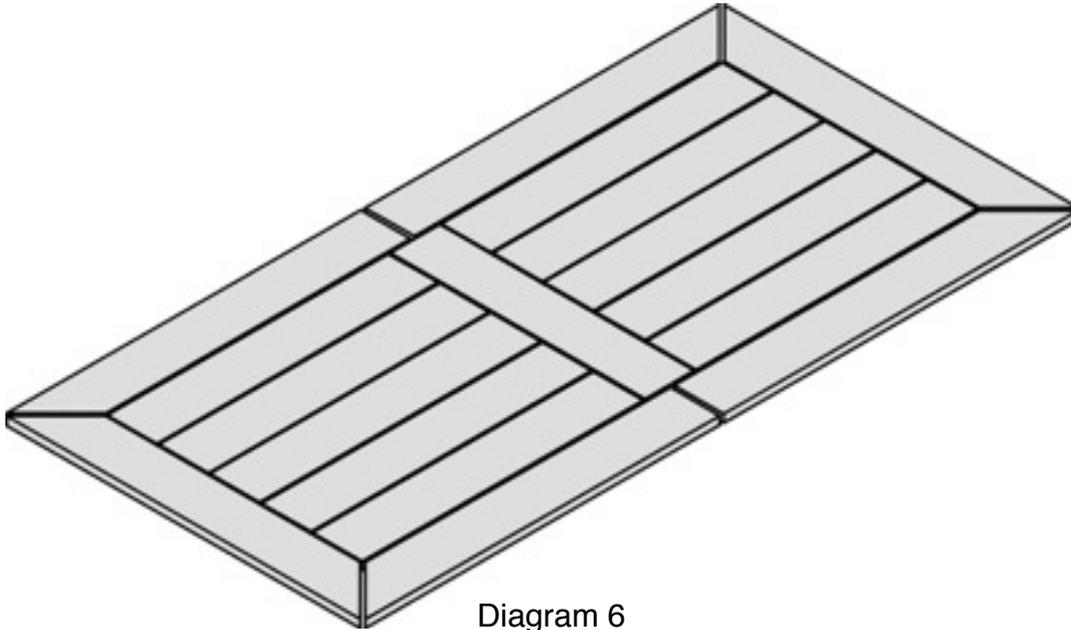


Diagram 6

Diagram 7 shows a deck that utilizes breaker boarding (a vertical board to divide the deck when the deck is too long) and picture framing. Picture framing is when a border is created to wrap around the deck. Picture framing is great when you want to make your deck give that eye catching pop, get this look by using a different color on the border.

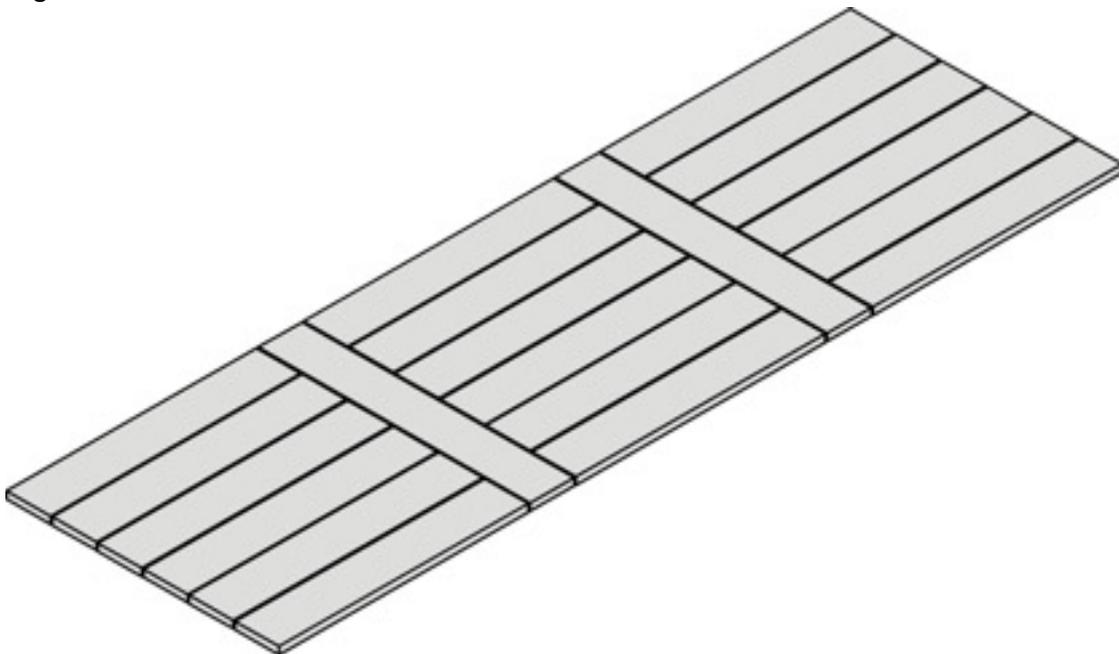


Diagram 7

Diagram 8 shows a deck utilizing the breaker board, which is a board running vertically across to split up two sections of the deck if the deck is too long. Breaker boarding also helps minimize the appearance of expansion and contraction.

Decking Layouts Continued

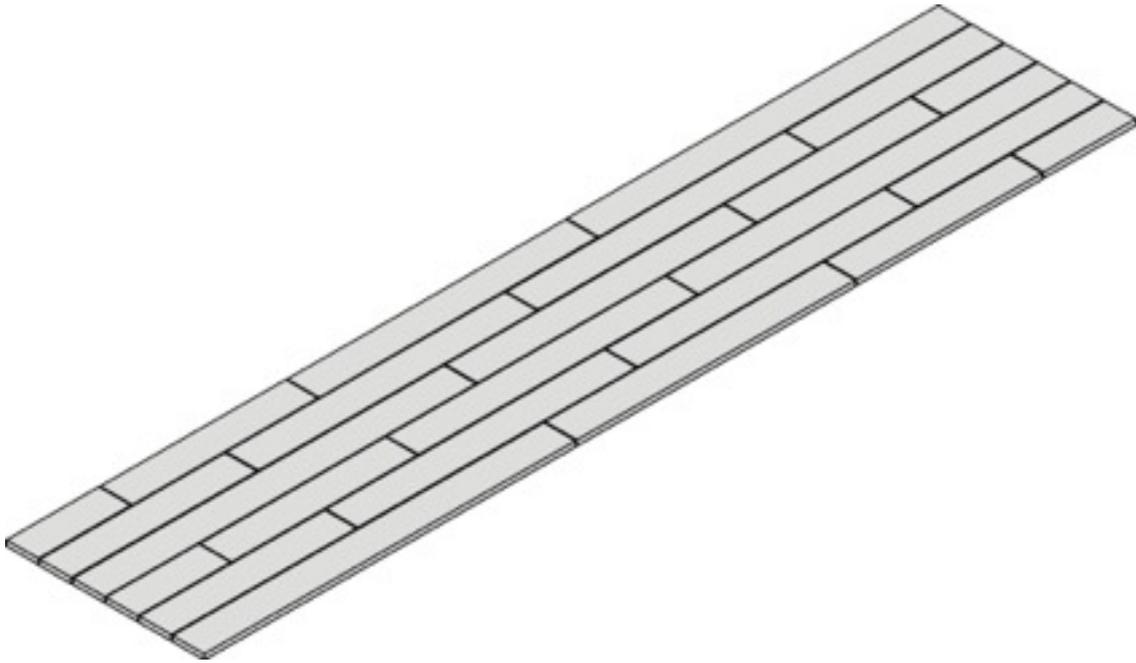


Diagram 8

Diagram 9 shows a staggered installation that creates a more refined hardwood look. This look gives the composite material an appearance similar to hardwood and takes care of any unsightly expansion and contraction gaps that usually I

Stair Tread Installation

Review Diagram 12 and the table below with the maximum spacing from center to center for stair tread installation.

Stair treads built with NewTechWood must meet requirements by the major national building codes. Consult your local municipality for specific requirements.

A minimum of four (4) stringers are required.

Overhang on a stair tread should not exceed more than 15 mm (5/8 inch).

Note: Stair treads should only be installed using solid profiles. Using any type of hollow board for stair treads will not be warrantied.

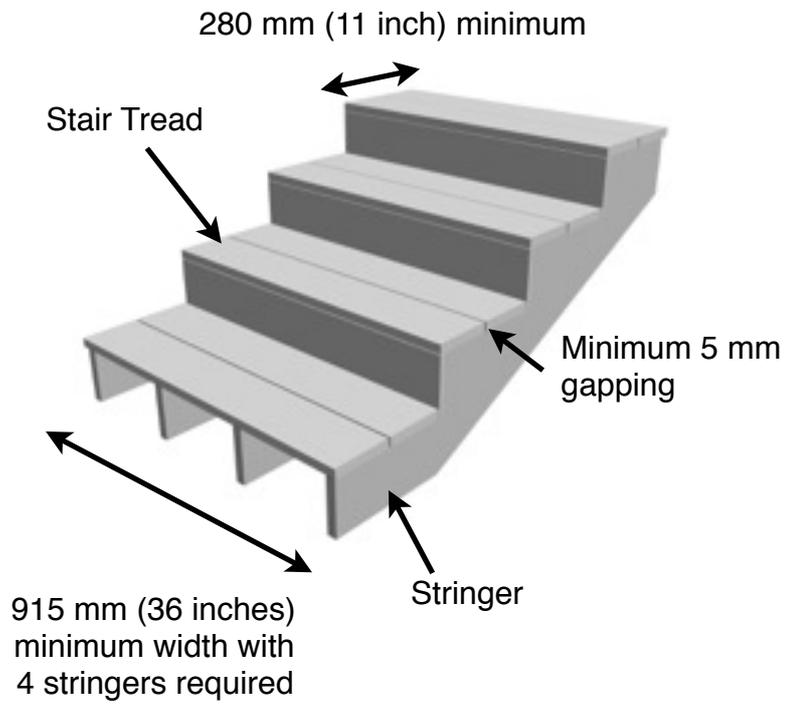


Diagram 9

Maximum Spacing Center-to-Center on Stair Stringers and Bullnose		
Profile	Dimensions	Spacing
US07, Solid Board	138 x 22.5 mm 5.5 x 0.9 inches	305 mm (12 inches)
US01, Grooved Solid Board	138 x 22.5 mm 5.5 x 0.9 inches	305 mm (12 inches)
US48, Solid Board	138 x 25 mm 5.5 x 0.98 inches	305 mm (12 inches)
US49, Grooved Solid Board	138 x 25 mm 5.5 x 0.98 inches	305 mm (12 inches)

Stair Tread Installation Continued

Stair treads can be installed in the two ways shown below.

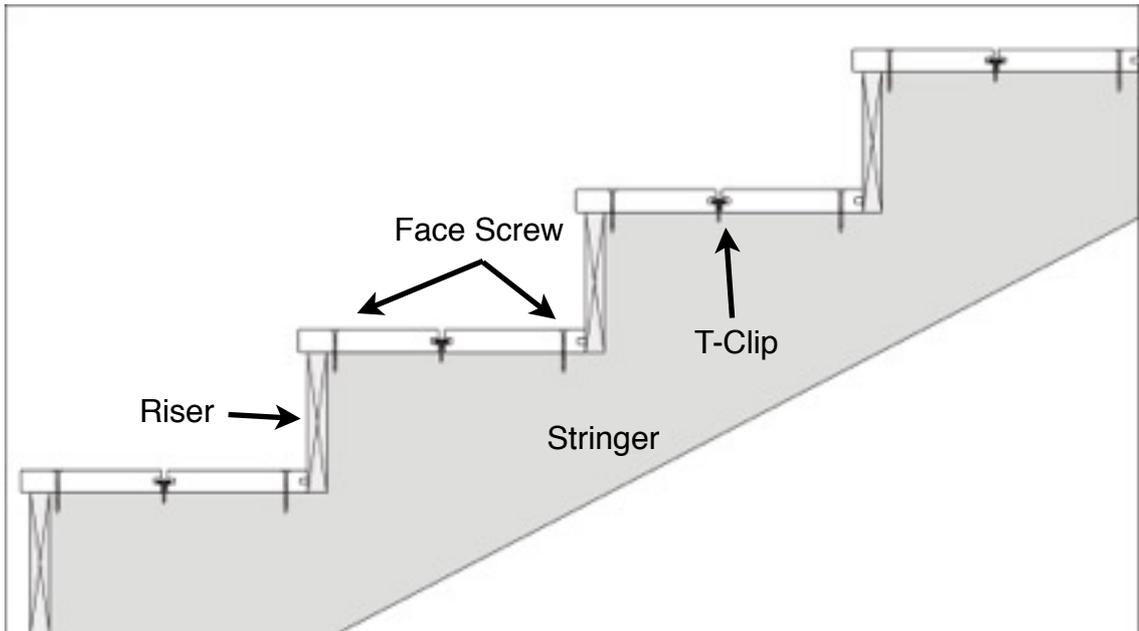


Diagram 10

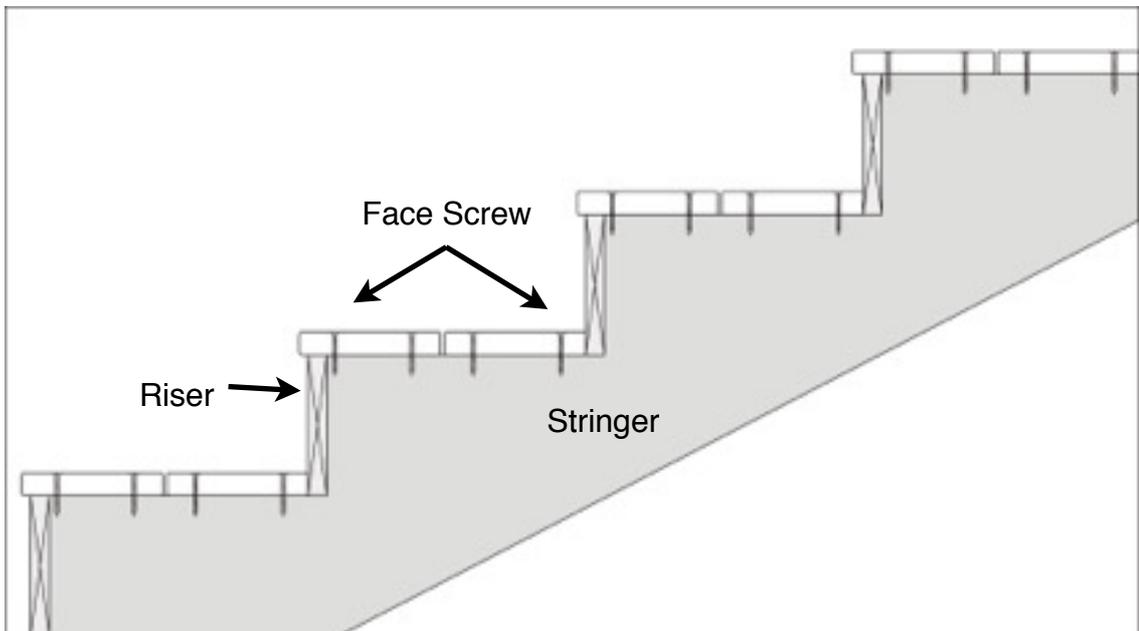


Diagram 11

Note: All nails/screws that are face fixed should always be stainless steel. When face fixing always go in at least from the ends and width of the board by 1"1/2 (25.4 mm)

Framing

First, determine the decking span, that is, how far apart your joists will be.

The frame needs to be completely level before installing any boards.

Note: Adequate spacing in the joists is required to keep the deck boards from bending. Please review the chart on page 5 of this installation guide to see what spacing is required for your profile.

Decking Installation

When installing the deck the first and last board of your project will need to use a starting accessory. Every other board will use the hidden fastener for its installation.

Starting Accessory MG-3 Installation:

1. After calculating the decking span and making the frame of your deck the first board is ready to be installed.
2. First pre-drill into the joist then fix the starting accessory into the joist as shown in Diagram 21.



MG-3

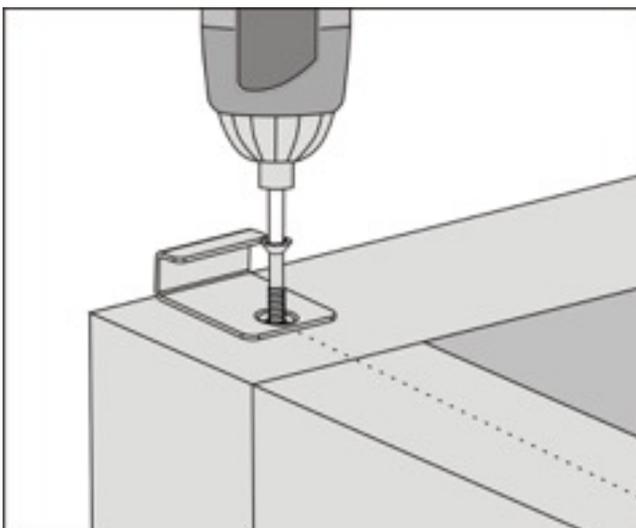


Diagram 12

Starting Accessory MG-3 Installation Continued:

3. Then take your first board and push it into the starting accessory as shown in Diagram 22.

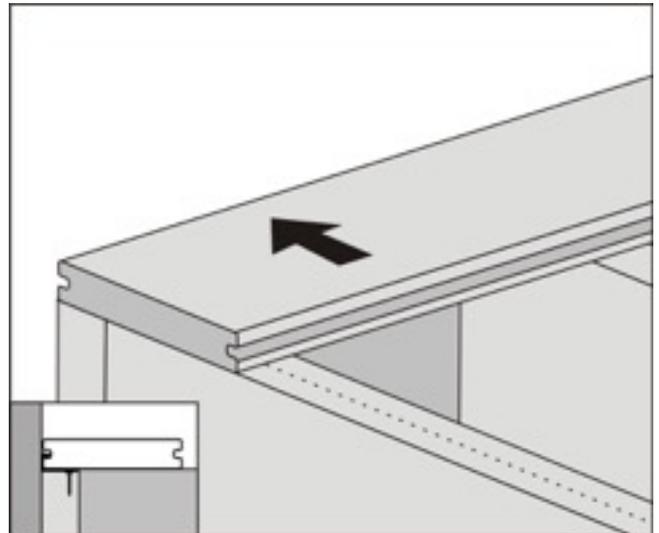


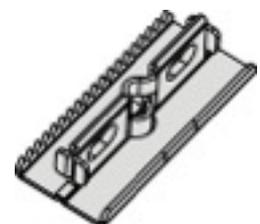
Diagram 13

TC-10 Installation:

1. First slide the TC-10 clips into the grooves of the boards with screws facing up as shown in Diagram 23. Ensure that the clips are all going into the groove with the teeth on the same side.



TC-10



Teeth on one side of the clip

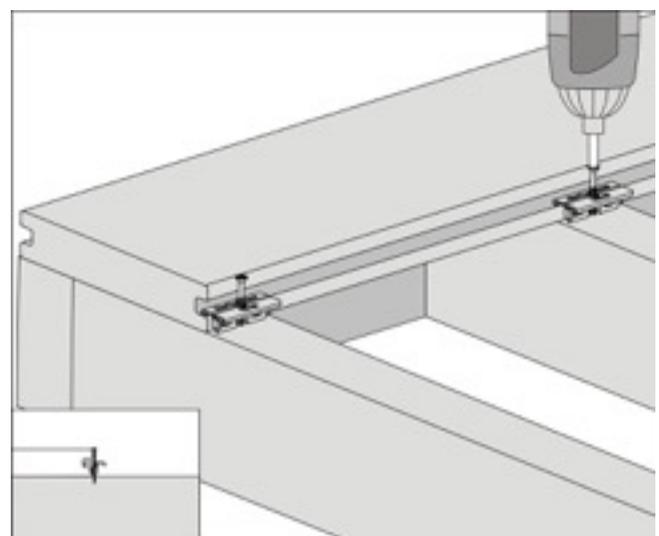


Diagram 14

TC-10 Installation Continued:

2. After getting all the TC-10 into position above each respective joist, begin to fasten them from above as shown in Diagram 24 and 25. Only fasten the clips half way down.

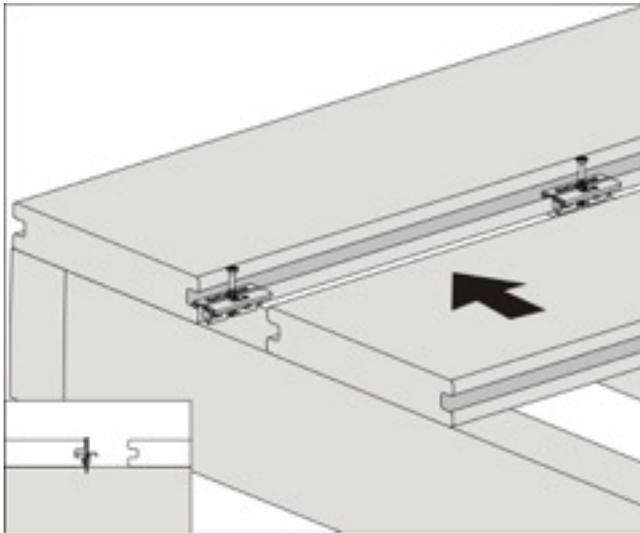


Diagram 15

3. Repeat steps 2-3 and finish the rest of the boards.

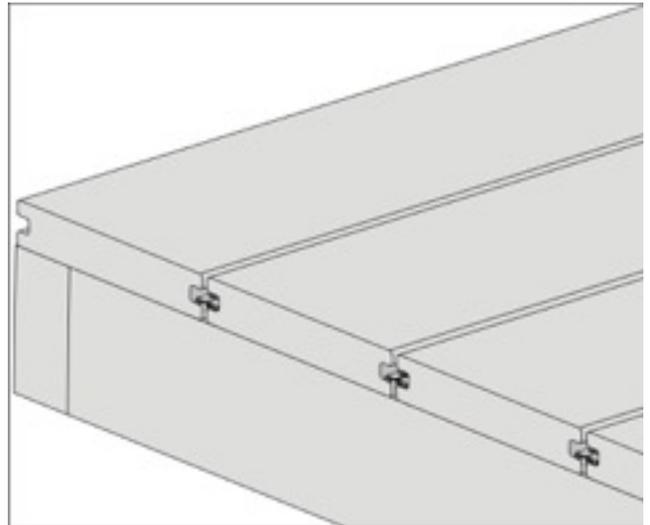


Diagram 17

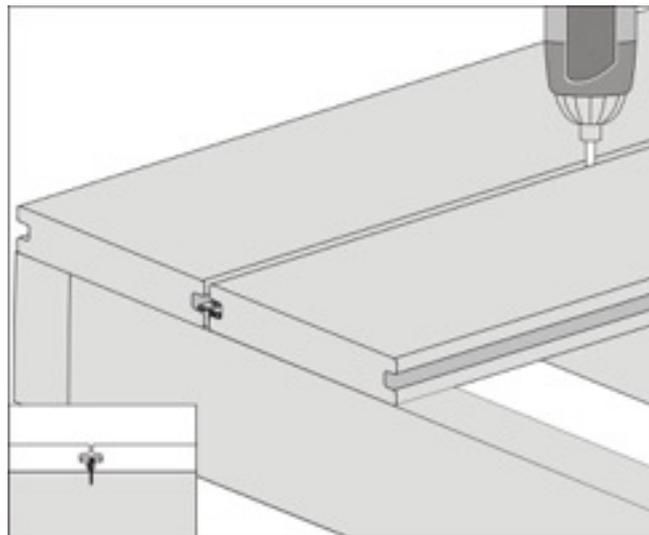


Diagram 16

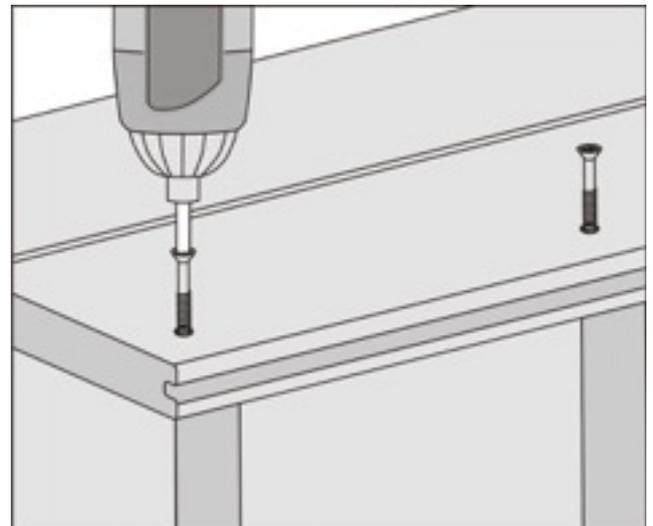


Diagram 18

3. Push the board into the board before and then finish fixing the TC-10 fully into the joist as shown in Diagram 25.

4. Finally, finish your last board by face fixing into the board at every joist as shown in Diagram 19.

Note: Remember to pre-drill before face fixing into the board. Also face fixing must happen at a 90 degree angle and must be at least 1" 1/2 by 1" 1/2 (25.4 by 25.4 mm) from the ends and the width of the board.

Decking Installation Cont.

When installing the deck the first and last board of your project will need to use a starting accessory. Every other board will use the hidden fastener for its installation.

Starting Accessory K-37 Installation:

1. After calculating the decking span and making the frame of your deck the first board is ready to be installed.
2. First pre-drill into the joist then fix the starting accessory into the joist as shown in Diagram 21.



K-37

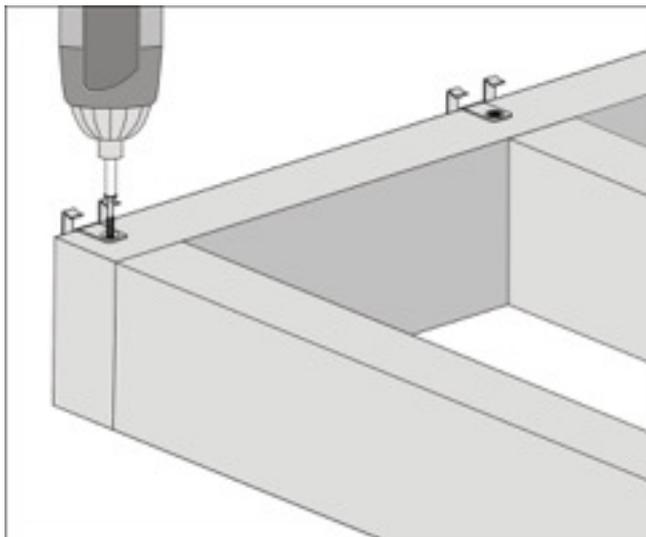


Diagram 19

Starting Accessory K-37 Installation Continued:

3. Then take your first board and push it into the starting accessory as shown in Diagram 22.

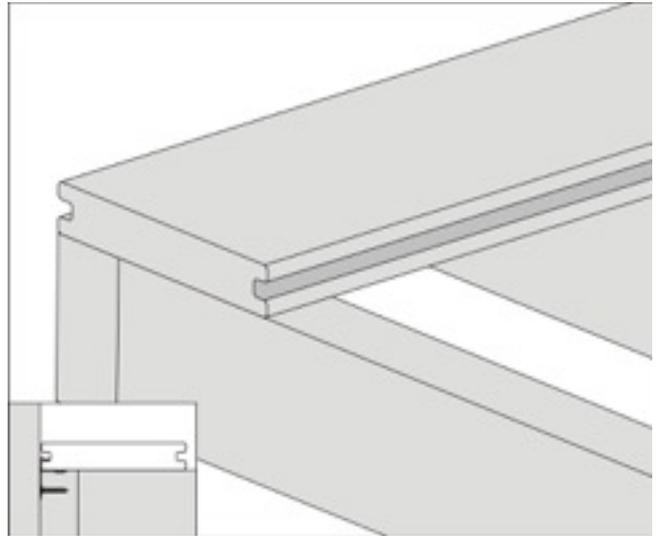


Diagram 20

4. Repeat the installation from above for the TC-10 clip.

5. The K-37 can be used as the final clip as shown below in Diagram 27. The K-37 needs to be fixed in the back where the designated screw hole is.

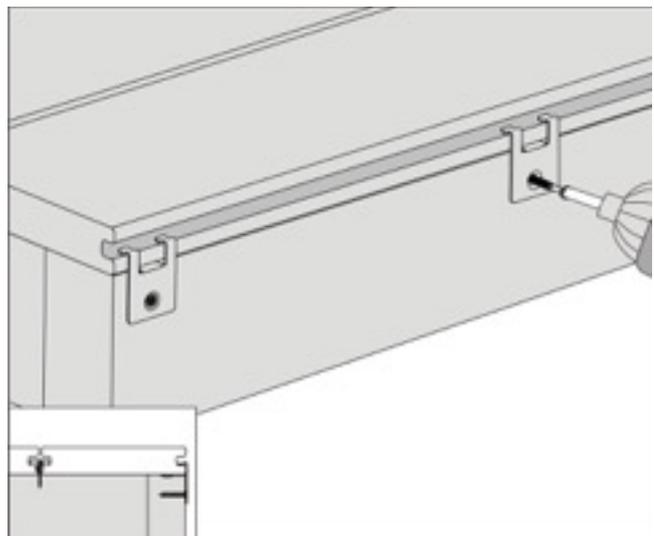


Diagram 21

Fascia Board Installation

Installing against the width and length of decking

1. The fascia should be installed on the rim board of the frame. The fascia should be installed as shown in Diagram 32. The distance between screws must be less than or equal to 300 mm (12 inches). Two screws must be used 1" 1/2 away from the ends

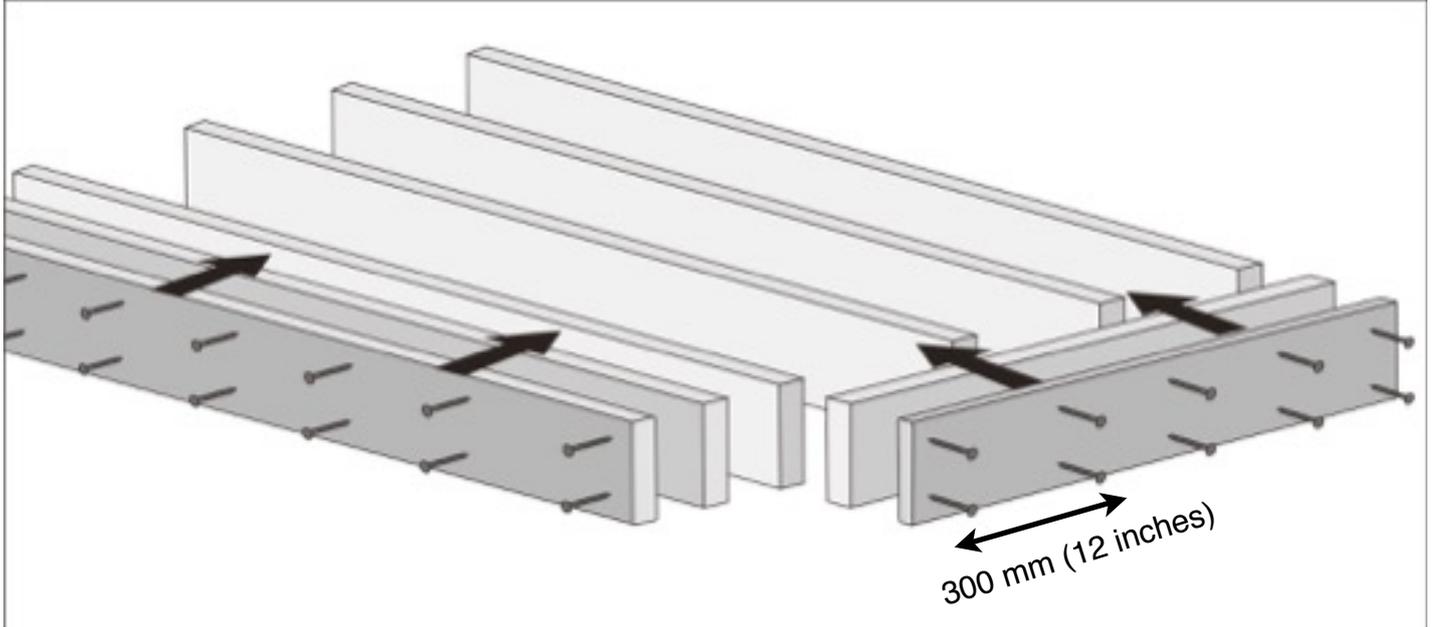


Diagram 22

2. First pre-drill the holes for the fascia board. The fascia board should be drilled with bigger holes or routed to allow for expansion and contraction and fixed either at either end or in the middle as shown in Diagram 32. When fixing the bigger holes it is recommended to use washers.
3. The fascia board will be installed into the the block wood and through the joist.

Note: NEVER install the fascia by drilling into the decking ALWAYS install the fascia into the joist and ALWAYS pre-drill the fascia board

End Cap Installation

Installing the end cap

1. Place the end cap in front of the hollow boards holes (UH02 or UH07) and push in as shown in Diagram 33.

Note: A mallet could be used as well to push in the end caps.

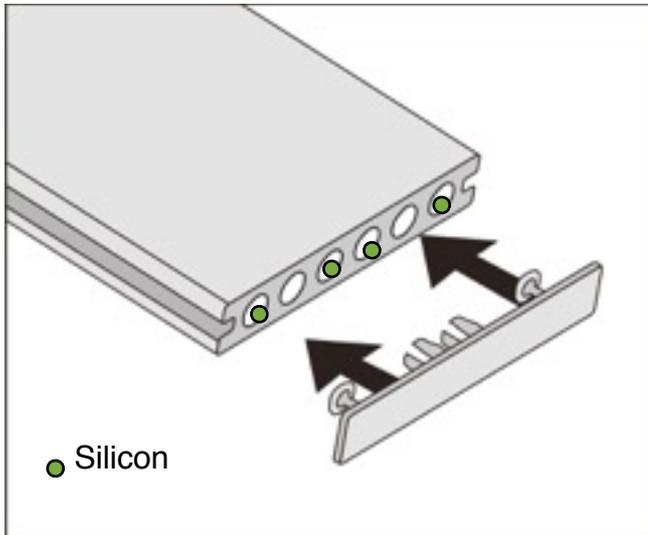


Diagram 23

2. The final finish should look like Diagram 34 below.

Note: A dab of silicon (shown in Diagram 33) can be used on the end cap or inside the holes of the board in order to secure the end caps better.

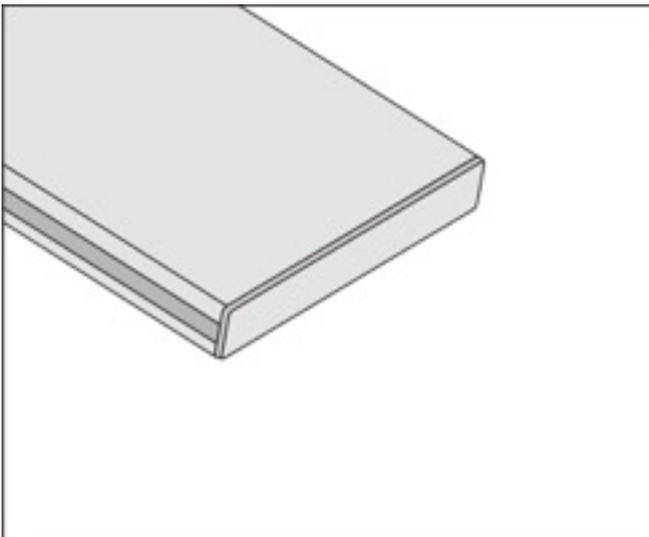


Diagram 24



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